PREVAILED	Roll Call No
FAILED	Ayes
WITHDRAWN	Noes
RULED OUT OF ORDER	
ROLLD GOT OF GREEK	

## **HOUSE MOTION**

## MR. SPEAKER:

I move that House Bill 1270 be amended to read as follows:

1	Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new
2	paragraph and insert:
3	"SECTION 1. IC 35-42-2-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this
5	section, "hazing" means forcing or requiring another person:
6	(1) with or without the consent of the other person; and
7	(2) as a condition of association with a group or organization;
8	to perform an act that creates a substantial risk of bodily injury.
9	(b) As used in this section, "official traffic control device" has
10	the meaning set forth in IC 9-13-2-117.
11	(b) (c) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally
12	performs:
13	(1) an act that creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to another
14	person; or
15	(2) hazing;
16	commits criminal recklessness. Except as provided in subsection (e),
17	(d), criminal recklessness is a Class B misdemeanor.
18	(c) (d) The offense of criminal recklessness as defined in subsection
19	(b) (c) is:
20	(1) a Class A misdemeanor if the conduct includes the use of a
21	vehicle but the individual committing the offense does not
22	disobey an official traffic control device;
23	(2) a Class D felony:
24	(A) if it is committed while armed with a deadly weapon; or
25	(R) if:

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1	(i) the conduct constituting the offense includes the use of
2	a vehicle;
3	(ii) the individual committing the offense disobeys an
4	official traffic control device; and
5	(iii) the offense results in bodily injury; or
6	(3) a Class C felony:
7	(A) if it is committed by shooting a firearm from a vehicle into
8	an inhabited dwelling or other building or place where people
9	are likely to gather; or
10	(B) if:
11	(i) the conduct constituting the offense includes the use of
12	a vehicle;
13	(ii) the individual committing the offense disobeys an
14	official traffic control device; and
15	(iii) the offense results in death.
16	(d) (e) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally:
17	(1) inflicts serious bodily injury on another person; or
18	(2) performs hazing that results in serious bodily injury to a
19	person;
20	commits criminal recklessness, a Class D felony. However, the offense
21	is a Class C felony if committed by means of a deadly weapon.
22	(e) (f) A person, other than a person who has committed an offense
23	under this section or a delinquent act that would be an offense under
24	this section if the violator was an adult, who:
25	(1) makes a report of hazing in good faith;
26	(2) participates in good faith in a judicial proceeding resulting
27	from a report of hazing;
28	(3) employs a reporting or participating person described in
29	subdivision (1) or (2); or
30	(4) supervises a reporting or participating person described in
31	subdivision (1) or (2);
32	is not liable for civil damages or criminal penalties that might otherwise
33	be imposed because of the report or participation.
34	(f) (g) A person described in subsection $\frac{(e)(1)}{(f)(1)}$ or $\frac{(e)(2)}{(f)(2)}$
35	is presumed to act in good faith.
36	$\frac{g}{g}$ (h) A person described in subsection $\frac{g}{g}$ (f)(1) or $\frac{g}{g}$
37	may not be treated as acting in bad faith solely because the person did
38	not have probable cause to believe that a person committed:

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Representative Orentlicher

1	(1) an offense under this section; or
2	(2) a delinquent act that would be an offense under this section if
3	the offender was an adult."
4	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to HB 1270 as printed February 9, 2005.)

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